Chicago Tribune.

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FROM THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

THE LATE BRILLIANT AFFAIR AT KELLY'S FORD—THE FIRST REAL CAVALRY FIGHT OF THE WAR—THE REBELS DRIVEN SIX MILES BEYOND THE RIVER.

Gallant Charges and Handsome Hand-to-Hand Conflicts.

A Large Number of Rebels Killed and Wounded, and Sixty Taken Prisoners.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Wednesday, March 18.

The first real cavalry battle of the war has been fought, resulting in a decisive victory on the part of the national forces.

The expedition marched on Monday afternoon. Notwithstanding the bad condition of the roads, the men made good progress, and, passing through our outer pickets, encamped for the night near Kelly's Ford, not far back from the Rappahannock. On riding down to the ford the next morning at day light, to cross over, the enemy was found in force in strong force on the opposite side, in rifle pits, and whereas pickets, and constructed a formidable abattis along the bank. A detachment of the 8th New York charged down into the stream, and attempted to force a passage, but were met and repulsed by a strong force of the enemy. Rallying, they dashed into the river, and again were repulsed. A third attempt proved no more successful. At this juncture Lieut.-Bowers, followed by a squadron of the 1st Rhode Island, plunged boldly in, cut their way through the enemy's line, and, charging up the acclivity, routed the enemy.

The whole force then crossed and advanced following the retiring foe. Col. Maltbie's command, consisting of the 3d, 4th and 16th Pennsylvania on the right; Rennie's 1st and 5th regulars, centre and reserve, and Col. Duffie's 1st and 2d New York and 1st New Jersey on the left. This was about 7 o'clock in the morning. Twenty-four prisoners were captured at the ford.

As the enemy retreated before the cavalry, the rebels, who by the meantime had rallied, charged upon us, when the 1st Rhode Island met them with a counter charge and put them to flight. The pursuit was kept up for some more attempting to rally, the 5th regulars acted thoroughly, dashed at them, and completely routed them, and so steadily. The 1st Pennsylvania cavalry, posted on the right, likewise charged upon the force opposed to them most successfully. The 16th Pennsylvania, still further to the right, did splendid execution, many of the rebels being dismounted. Our artillery, in the meantime, kept playing on the fleeing rebels and quickening their speed.

We had now advanced through an open space about a mile and a half from the river, when the enemy, emerging to the right and left, and taking numerous positions, reached the outskirts of a wood were reached.

Gen. Averell here again arranged the regiments in line of battle, the 1st regulars being posted as reserves. Our men moved through the woodes teadily and rapidly, firing as they went. Another open space was reached, and found to be full of rebels. Still our men facing now became very brisk, the enemy for the first time opening on us with artillery, of which they had twelve pieces. Their bullets shot and shell fell thick and fast, among our men, but they pressed on, inspired by the unusual cross-by wood, and fell forward by their order.

After so many brilliant and profitable dashes on our part, the rebels thought itwell to attempt again something in that line themselves, and charged. They ran up against the 1st Pennsylvania cavalry, which broke them instantly. From the time of crossing the river there had been much personal encounters—single horsemen dashing at each other with full speed, and cutting and slashing with their sabres until one or the other gave way. These encounters were by both sides fiercely and fought at the sire-foreign ing combats were frightful—such, as I trust, never to see again.

We continued to drive the rebels before us, they skirmishing and using their artillery as they retreated. Our boys had now been fighting several hours, but regardless of fatigue, pursued their mission of keeping the rebels travelling, and did it effectually.

When we had chased them six miles from the river, Gen. Averell ordered a halt, and our artillery ammunition was nearly exhausted, and we had come upon a strong rebel position, with infantry, and ambuscades in front of the battery in such a manner as to prevent its withdrawal being seen, and the Gen. Commanding determined to charge with Capt. Rowe, with a portion of his command, covered the rear.

As soon as the rebels discovered our retrograde movement, they opened a heavy fire of artillery and followed in pursuit, but at a respectful distance, and without a desire to try their chargers. The enemy, seeing the weakness of our men was excellent, and it was with difficulty that many of them could be persuaded to return. They had run the rebels six miles, and were satisfied to go to Chicopee.

Capt. Hunt, with three squadrons of the 1st regiment, assisted by Lieuts. Bigelow and Batford, did good service in covering the retreat. On the return, at one time this command was in danger of being annihilated. The men were stationed to the left of the battery, with their supporting distance, ready to charge upon the rebels, should they attempt to take it. No sooner, however, the gun ceased firing, from want of ammunition, than the rebels turned their fire upon the supporting cavalry, keeping it up for a long period, and causing sad havoc among the men and horses. The cavalry could not leave their position, for the guns would have been lost. They succeeded however, in bringing the pieces away. The command reached the river without much further molestation.

Our loss is also killed, thirty-five wounded, and forty taken prisoners. We killed and wounded a large number of the enemy, and brought away sixty prisoners.

Lieut. Dimmock of the 4th New York cavalry, is mortally wounded. He behaved most gallantly.

Adjt. Gen. Sawdiff, of Gen. Duffie's staff, was struck over the head with a sabre, and received a pistol shot in the groin.

Major Chamberlain, Acting Aid-de-Camp to Gen. Averill, was wounded in the knee and cheek.

Among the rebel officers taken was Major Breckinridge, of the first Virginia cavalry. The prisoners are a sorry looking set.

TAKING MANUFACTURED ARTICLES.

Remarks of Hon. I. N. Arnold, in the House of Representatives on the Internal Revenue Bill.

MR. ARNOLD.—I offer the following substitute for the amendment offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts:

That there shall be deducted from sales, levied upon any or all goods, wares and articles and other property manufactured, or sold, or offered for sale, in the United States, (except as hereinafter excepted,) a duty of three per cent. upon the amount of such sales.

The object of this amendment, Mr. Chairman, is the same as that sought to be effected by the amendment offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts. I am not entirely sure that the object could not be as well secured by the amendment proposed by Mr. Hooper as by the substitute which I have offered. The object of both is to secure the equality of taxation of articles of manufacture. I favored shell pay, but can not say, that the articles entering into and combined in any manufactured article are taxed over and over again, as they are in the case of articles taxed and re-taxed under many instances under the present law. This, I think, is an unjust principle in the system of taxation. The Committee of Ways and Means has sought to remedy the evil that exists in the bill by scoring the various articles which enter into the composition of manufactured articles shall be exempt from taxation, thus resting the assessment of the principle that the article shall be taxed but once. Now, it seems to me, in the case of clocks, watches and clock-work, and some other articles, the Committee of Ways and Means has provided that the articles entering into the composition of such articles, Capt. Rowe, with a portion of his command, covered the rear.

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FROM ROSECRANS' ARMY.

A GLORIOUS VICTORY.

John Morgan and the Rebel Gen. Wheeler badly Whipped.

The Rebels More than Three to One Against Us.

40 Rebels Killed, 150 Wounded, and 150 Prisoners.

OUR LOSS, 7 KILLED, AND 31 WOUNDED.

THE DISASTER AT THOMPSON STATION FULLY REDEEMED.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

MURFREESBORO, March 21, 1863.

On Wednesday last, Col. A. S. Hall, of the 103th Ohio, commanding a brigade in Gen. J. J. Reynolds' division, went off on a reconnoitering expedition towards Kolarville and Auburn in Wilson county, returning yesterday. He was within a mile or two this side of Milton, about 10 a. m., when he was suddenly attacked by John Morgan and the rebel Gen. Wheeler, with seven regiments of cavalry and a battery of two guns. Colonel Hall's force consisted of detachments from the 105th Ohio, Col. Fairler; 101st Indiana, Lieut. Col. Dean; 18th Illinois, Lieut. Col. Biggs; 123d Illinois, Col. Monroe; and a section of Capt. J. Harris 19th Indiana Battery—in all amounting to about 1,400 men. As soon as Col. Hall found he was about to be assailed he immediately sent into Murfreesboro for reinforcements, promising to hold his ground until they should arrive.

A part of the rebel cavalry dismounted and attacked with impetuosity, but were repulsed at every point, a section of Captain Harris' battery kept up, all the time, a most effective fire. At length the rebels, enraged at the exception it was doing amongst them, determined to charge it. Massing two or three of their regiments, they rushed upon it with hideous yells. Nothing appeared to check their course; but the 101st Indiana were lying concealed behind the battery and on either flank, and the boys waited patiently, but with unyielding breath, until the charging rebels were within thirty yards of them; then they opened a most gallant and destructive fire which made the rebels recoil in terror and dismay. After this they kept at a respectful distance, contenting themselves with firing a few shells at long range, and finally retreated in confusion from the field. It was about 2 o'clock when the battle was over. The victory was complete. Forty rebels were killed, 150 wounded, and twenty taken prisoners. Forty stand of arms were also taken.

Among the rebels killed were one Lieut. Col., 1 Captain and three Lieutenants. Our loss was seven killed and thirty-one wounded. Capt. Van Buskirk of the 123d Ills. was one of the killed.

LATER.

Col. Hall's victory was completed before any reinforcements arrived. After their arrival, it is said that he followed up the enemy, and took 100 prisoners. The reinforcements consisted of 1,000 cavalry, commanded by Col. Scott, 324 Michigan cavalry, and a brigade of infantry from Gen. Granger's division, under command of Col. Hambright, of the 79th Pennsylvania.

Say to the loyal people of the land that John Morgan has been disgracefully beaten at last, and that the disaster of Thompson's Station has been fully redeemed.

MURFREESBORO, March 21.—We have some further particulars of the fight at Milton 4ght. It took place on Lances Pike, one or two miles this side of Milton, which town is twelve miles northeast of Murfreesboro. Col. Hall was not returning, as was at first reported. He had intended to return some time before, but had changed his mind, and when the attack took place he was marching toward liberty. The rebel force came from toward Milton. On their first appearance, Col. Hall took some distance positions, and if we will only do right and trust in Him, a way of deliverance will be opened, and our beloved country shall yet be saved." and when I say Moody, I mean souls than God. Gen. Rosecrans responded: "Moody—Moody—

EASTMAN

Chicago Tribune.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

HERBE & CO.'S

HERRYAN HALL,

THURSDAY, APRIL 6th, 1865,

FIVE THOUSAND GIFTS

AND

Five Thousand Tickets

300 CAPITAL PRIZES!

A TABLE OF PRIZES, $4,000

One Gift to Every Ticket.

H. DOLFINS,

CIRCULAR

BANKING OFFICE OF

BANKING HOUSE OF S. G.

W. F. GOODRICH & CO.

New York and Illinois

Hoop Skirt Manufactory,

French and German Corsets.

Gray Skirt Manufactory

TO THE LADIES.

TO FEMALES

TO FEMALES

Chicago, March 17th, 1865.

NOTICE—The Stockholders of the

MEETING OF THE BOND

Thursday, March 23, 1865.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

Financial.

Dissolution.

Copartnership.

Copartnership Notice.

Copartnership Notice.

WHEELER, LEONARD & CO.

CHICAGO, March 17th, 1865.

GOOD SAMARITAN

PATENT.

PHYSICAL DIPHTHERIAL

CURED

Shades and Blinds.

PATERSON'S HAIR DYE.

WILLIAM A. PATERSON'S

CURED

CONSUMPTION

Is There Any Virtue in

Dr. WISTAR'S

WORLD'S

HAIR RESTORER

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM ?

Convincing Testimony.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

Numerous Certificates as above.

Dr. sweet's

Infallible Liniment,

CHEROKEE REMEDY

AND

Cherokee Injection!

CHEAD NEWS FOR THE DE-

CHEAP FOR CASH.

E. G. L. FAXON.

Furniture at Auction, for the

Week, or re-furnish for Spring,

should call and examine.

To Ship & Vessel Owners.

MATTRESSES,

COMFORTS,

AND

ALL KINDS OF BEDDING,

At Committee to Sell.

BEDDING

WAREROOMS,

70 LAKE STREET.

Furniture at Auction, for the

Week, or re-furnish for Spring,

should call and examine.

1863.—FIRE SPRING TRADE

PECHIN IX

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital $400,000.

CENTRAL EXPRESS COMPY,

Railroad and Steamboat Lines.

CHICAGO AND CHESTERS

TO

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Through Ticket Office,

Third Street, CHARLES

THE NORTHERN

Transportation Company

OF OHIO.

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

1863.—GRAND TRUNK

NEW STEAMERS

PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK

Chicago Tribune.

LIST OF LETTERS

PAPER HANGINGS

AT WHOLESALE

TO THE TRADE,

FOR SPRING SALES,

At Less than N. Y. Prices.

E. G. L. FAXON,

70 Lake Street, 70

FURS, FUR, FURS.

IGNATZ HERZOG,

GENTS' FUR CAPS.

FURS, FUR, FURS.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 160

FOR SALE—A Farm of 160

FOR SALE—A Farm of 160

$1500 WILL BUY A HOUSE

FOR SALE—A Farm of 160

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

PAPER HANGINGS

AT WHOLESALE

TO THE TRADE,

FOR SPRING SALES,

At Less than N. Y. Prices.

E. G. L. FAXON,

70 Lake Street, 70

WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES,

And Curtain Paper, &c.,

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

P H

PAPER HANGINGS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

78 RANDOLPH STREET. 78

McGRATH,

WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES,

And Curtain Paper, &c.,

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

ERNEST PRUSSING,

Every Horse Owner

CAUTION.

BARNUM BROS.

198 Lake Street.

Corn Exchange.

HART, ASTEN & CO.

BAGS!

157 South Water Street. 157.

WOOL TWINE—4 and 6 thread.

PRIME MANILA BARLEY.

PRIME MANILA BARLEY.

J. O. DEAN.

JOBBING WORK!

NAILS.

Legal Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY

500 BAGS COFFEE.

50 PUNCHEONS TOBACCO.

250 BBLS. NEW ORLEANS

$100,000

Manufacturing Stock

FOR SALE.

PROPOSALS FOR BRICK.

Notice.

Quarry Lime

FOR SALE.

Notice.

Quarry Lime

FOR SALE.

Notice.

Quarry Lime

FOR SALE

Chicago Tribune.

SUNDAY, MARCH 29, 1863.

THE CITY.

Review.—The regular annual review of militia companies for the coming year, will be held on the grounds of the Young Men's Christian Association, in the rear of the Methodist Episcopal Church, on Friday, at 10 o'clock a. m. There has been no rain here.

Western Sanitary Commission.—Contributions in Aid Society of Co. A, 39th Illinois, who was killed at the battle of Stone River, have arrived in their city. The Journal will take place at Bryan Hall today at the same time with that of the members of the Board of Trade Battery.

Sermon.—A sermon in memory of Wm. H. Wiley, member of the Board of Trade Battery, who fell at the battle of Murfreesboro, will be delivered at the New Jerusalem Temple this (Sabbath) morning, at half past ten o'clock. "The Sacred Scriptures" form the subject of discourse in the evening at the same place.

Concert Hall.—It has been resolved to give a grand ball for the relief of the soldiers' families, to come off in the course of two or three weeks at Bryan Hall. The parties having the matter in charge are determined to make it the ball of the season. The ball, music, tickets, &c., &c., will be under the management of a committee of ladies, to be named for the above object. Of course every body willing to this ball, or at least buy a ticket. The time, and all the facts in relation to the affair, will be published soon.

Sanitary Gift Concert.—A card published in yesterday's TRIBUNE, from the Sanitary Gift Committee of Peoria, is recommended by the public. We were made to say that the Directors' had no hand in originating or managing the Concert. *Of course* this was an error. We would also state that the hall from the Soldiers' Committee was wholly unsolicited. A misapprehension among some of the parties was the cause. The public need not hesitate to purchase Sanitary Gift Concert tickets for the benefit of the sick soldiers.

Dr. Zadoc Hunter.—It will be seen by Dr. James Hunter's card, that finding it impossible to close his office to attend to his business without causing much disappointment, he will postpone his departure until the 1st of April. Those who wish to avail themselves of his experience in treating affections of the throat and lungs, and have not yet taken advantage of it, will be glad to learn of this extension of time. Another gratifying letter in today's columns attests the success of Dr. Hunter's practice. These, from fellow townsmen, are beyond controversy.

The Clerical Irregulars.—Bishop Whitehouse on Saturday evening filed his answer to the bill of Rev. R. W. Hack, which we published some time since, giving for a list of proceedings in the ecclesiastical trial, which was to have taken place at Joliet. The Bishop, a week since, desired the Trustees to publish the bill, agreeing to furnish a copy. We should have done so, but not having a copy, we could not accommodate the Copperhead Organ, in this city, lent the copy, which properly belonged to us, until it was too late for publication. This will sufficiently account for its non appearance in our columns yesterday.

Personal.—Judge Robert S. Hilliard returned Saturday to Fort LaGrange, with the pleasing intelligence that his daughter, Mrs. Gilman, is out of danger. She is now doing convalescent, but "still soon return to her home and children."

Rev. Dr. Bailey, Chaplain of the Irish Brigade, returned to this city on Thursday evening, direct from the regiment, which is now stationed in Western Virginia. He reports the health of the regiment remarkably good, only two death having occurred from sickness during the past four months. Colonel Mulligan is now at Cumberland, officiating as President of a Board of Examiners, appointed to examine the officers of the division in regard to their competency to fill the positions occupied by them.

Knocked Down and Robbed.—A day or two since, an officer, while patrolling his beat on Clark street, observed a man, who had apparently become master of a heavier load of whisky than he could well carry. He arrested him, and discovered that his face was badly injured and covered with blood, and, upon further examination, that he had been robbed of his money. The officer took charge of the prisoner, and conducted him to the station house, where he could stay all night. They led him safely to the door, and left the man to his fate. When he awoke in the morning, his assailants had fled, and, upon examining his pockets, found they had taken his purse, containing about sixty dollars in money. He gave his name as Curley, and stated that he had come from Fairbank on a day or two previous.

A Commotion Killed.—Hal. B. Miner, a conductor in the employ of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, was instantly killed on Friday. A number of laborers were employed in some portion of the south end of Miner was sent with an engine to put the cars and assist in. As the engine was moving slowly in obedience to orders, Miner, who was standing on the platform, and not observing the engine cautiously proceeded at the rate of about fifteen miles an hour. When about a mile from Miner Station, and thirty miles from this city, he was run down by the engine, and dragged some distance, to receive at the tender, and just at that instant the latter was thrown from the track, carrying the conductor with them, down an embankment, by which he was instantly killed. The deceased formerly lived near Chatham, this State, where he leaves a wife and children.

Dr. Zadoc Hunter.—It will be seen by Dr. James Hunter's card, that finding it impossible to close his office to attendance without occasioning